MF-59 adjuvanted vaccine

Author(s): Health Information and Quality Authority (HIQA)

Date: 2020-05-25

Question: Should MF-59 adjuvanted influenza vaccine vs conventional inactivated influenza vaccine be used in the elderly?

Bibliography: Systematic review of the efficacy, effectiveness and safety of newer and enhanced seasonal influenza vaccines for the prevention of laboratory-confirmed influenza in individuals ≥18 years of age

| Quality assessment | | | | | | No of pa | tients | Effect | | | | |
|--------------------|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------|------------|
| No of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other conside- rations | MF-59 adjuvanted influenza vaccine | Conventional inactivated influenza vaccine | Relative (95 % CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Lab-confi | rmed influenza (as | sessed with: PC | R or culture) | | , | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Test-negative design studies | serious ¹ | serious² | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | _ | - | VE ranged from 0 (0 to 86) to 88 (51 to 100) | - | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| Influenza | -related hospitaliza | tion (assessed | with: ICD-9/ICD-1 | 0 code) | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Cohort studies | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | serious³ | serious⁴ | none | - | - | VE ranged from 3 (0 to 6) to 6 (0 to 63) | - | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| Influenza | - or pneumonia-rel | ated hospitaliza | tion (assessed wi | h: ICD-9/ICD-1 | 0) | I | | | | | | |
| 2 | Cohort study; case-control study | very serious ⁵ | no serious inconsistency | serious³ | no serious imprecision | none | - | - | VE ranged from 25 (2 to 43) to 49 (30 to 60) | - - | ⊕○○○ VERY LOW | CRITICAL |
| Combine | d local events | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | randomised trials | serious ⁶ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 327/1000 (32.7%) | 172/1000 (17.2%) | RR 1.90 (1.50 to 2.39) | 155 more per 1000 (from 86 more to 239 more) | ⊕⊕⊕○ MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Pain | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | randomised trials | serious ⁶ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 274/1000 (27.4%) | 135/1000 (13.5 %) | RR 2.02 (1.53 to 2.67) | 138 more per 1000 (from 72 more to 225 more) | ⊕⊕⊕○ MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combine | d systemic events | | | | | l | | | | 1000 | | |
| 5 | randomised trials | serious ⁶ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 80/1000 (8 %) | 67/1000 (6.7%) | RR 1.18 (1.02 to 1.38) | 12 more per 1000 (from 1 more to 25 more) | ⊕⊕⊕○ MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fever | | I | | | I | I | | | | | I | |
| 9 | randomised trials | serious ⁶ | serious ⁶ no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁷ | none | 58/1000 (5.8%) | 30/1000 (3 %) | RR 1.97 (1.07 to 3.61) | 29 more per 1000 (from 2 more to 78 more) | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ | | |

¹ Low to serious risk of bias in the individual studies | 2 High inconsistency between study results: VE ranging between 0 and 88 % | 3 ICD-codes used for diagnosis, therefore unclear whether influenza was lab-confirmed | 4 Wide 95 % CI around one study (Puig-Barbera et al.) | 5 serious risk of bias in both studies | 6 serious risk of bias | 7 wide 95 % CI around point estimate

Cell-based vaccine

Author(s): Health Information and Quality Authority (HIQA)

Date: 2020-05-25

Question: Should cell-based influenza vaccine vs conventional inactivated influenza vaccine be used in the elderly?

Bibliography: Systematic review of the efficacy, effectiveness and safety of newer and enhanced seasonal influenza vaccines for the prevention of laboratory-confirmed influenza in individuals ≥18 years of age

| Quality assessment | | | | | | | | oatients | E | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| No of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other conside- rations | Cell-based influenza vaccine | Conventional inactivated influenza vaccine | Relative (95 % CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Laboratory-confirmed influenza | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | test-negative design study ¹ | serious ² | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious³ | none | _ | _ | VE 0 (0 to 39) ⁴ | - | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| Hospital | ization | | I. | | | | | I. | | I . | | |
| 1 | cohort study | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | serious ⁵ | no serious imprecision | none | _ | _ | VE 10 (7 to 13) | - | ⊕⊕⊕○ MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| Combined local events | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | randomised trials | serious ⁶ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious³ | none | 432/1000 (43.2%) | 397/1000 (39.7%) | RR 1.09 (0.89 to 1.35) | 36 more per 1000 (from 44 fewer to 139 more) | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| Pain | | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Pain | | I | | I | I | | 050/3000 | 070/7000 | | 1000 (5) | | I |
| 5 | randomised trials | serious ⁶ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ³ | none | 250/1000 (25 %) | 210/1000 (21%) | RR 1.19 (0.98 to 1.44) | 40 more per 1000 (from 4 fewer to 92 more) | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| | | | | a cci.icos | | | | | (0.50 to 1.1.) | - | 20 ** | |
| Combine | d systemic events | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | serious ⁶ | serious ⁶ no serious inconsistency | | no serious imprecision | none | 433/1000 (43.3%) | 409/1000 (40.9%) | RR 1.06 (0.93 to 1.21) | 25 more per 1000 (from 29 fewer to 86 more) | ⊕⊕⊕○ MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Fever | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | randomised | serious ⁶ | no serious | no serious | no serious | none | 9/1000 (0.9%) | 9/1000 (0.9%) | RR 1.01 (0.51 to 2.00) | 0 more per 1000 (from 4 fewer to 9 more) | ⊕⊕⊕○ MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | trials | 2211000 | inconsistency | indirectness | imprecision | | | | | _ | | |

¹ one study with two estimates (all strains; H3N2) | 2 moderate risk of bias | 3 Wide 95 %CI around point estimate | 4 VE against all strains | 5 diagnosis based on ICD-10 codes | 6 downgraded for RoB

High-dose vaccine

Author(s): Health Information and Quality Authority (HIQA) Date: 2020-05-25

Question: Should high-dose influenza vaccine vs conventional inactivated influenza vaccine be used in the elderly?

Bibliography: Systematic review of the efficacy, effectiveness and safety of newer and enhanced seasonal influenza vaccines for the prevention of laboratory-confirmed influenza in individuals ≥18 years of age

| Quality assessment | | | | | | No of | patients | | Effect | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|---------------------|------------|
| No of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other conside- rations | High-dose influenza vaccine | Conventional inactivated influenza vaccine | Relative (95 % CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Laborato | ry-confirmed influe | nza-like illnes | S | | | | | | ' | | | |
| 1 | randomised trials | no serious risk of bias | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 228/15990 (1.4%) | 301/15993 (1.9%) | VE 24 (9.7 to 36.5) | 5 fewer per 1000 (from 7 fewer to 18 fewer) | ⊕⊕⊕⊕ HIGH | CRITICAL |
| Influenza | -related hospitaliza | ation | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| 2 | cohort studies ¹ | serious ² | serious³ | serious ⁴ | no serious imprecision | none | - | _ | VE 11.8 (6.4 to 17.0) | <u>-</u> | ⊕○○○ VERY LOW | CRITICAL |
| Influenza | - or pneumonia-rel | ated hospitali | zation | | <u> </u> | | | | , | | | |
| 3 ⁵ | cohort studies | very serious ⁶ | no serious inconsistency | serious ⁴ | no serious imprecision | none | - | - | VE 13.7 (9.5 to 17.7) | - - | ⊕○○○ VERY LOW | CRITICAL |
| Combine | d local events | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | randomised trials | serious ⁷ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | serious ⁸ | none | 527/1000 (52.7%) | 376/1000 (37.6%) | RR 1.40 (1.20 to 1.64) | 150 more per 1000 (from 75 more to 241 more) | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| | triais | | meonsistency | maneciness | | | | | (1.20 to 1.01) | - | LO W | |
| Pain | | | I | | | | | ı | I | | | |
| 8 | randomised trials | serious ⁷ | no serious inconsistency | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 438/1000 (43.8%) | 296/1000 (29.6%) | RR 1.48 (1.21 to 1.82) | 142 more per 1000 (from 62 more to 243 more) | ⊕⊕⊕○ MODERATE | CRITICAL |
| | | | , | | F | | | | , | _ | | |
| Combine | d systemic events | | I | | | | | 1 | I | | I | |
| 5 | randomised trials | serious ⁷ | serious ⁹ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 353/1000 (35.3 %) | 302/1000 (30.2%) | RR 1.17 (0.85 to 1.61) | 51 more per 1000 (from 45 fewer to 184 more) | ⊕⊕○○ LOW | CRITICAL |
| | tilais | | | mancemess | Imprecision | | | | (0.03 to 1.01) | _ | LOW | |
| Fever | | | I | | | | | | I | | | |
| 8 | randomised trials | serious ⁷ | serious ⁹ | no serious indirectness | serious ⁸ | none | 24/1000 (2.4%) | 15/1000 (1.5%) | RR 1.52 (0.58 to 3.69) | 8 more per 1000 (from 6 fewer to 40 more) | ⊕ ○ ○ ○ VERY LOW | CRITICAL |
| | unais | | | munectness | | | | | (0.58 to 3.69) | - | | |

^{1 2} studies reporting data on 7 seasons (7 estimates) | 2 low to moderate risk of bias in the two studies | 3 high between-study heterogeneity (1² = 81.3%) | 4 diagnosis based on ICD-9 or ICD-10 code | 5 3 studies reporting 7 estimates | 6 serious risk of bias in all 3 studies | 7 downgraded due to high risk of bias | 8 wide 95%CI around point estimate | 9 downgraded due to inconsistency

Recombinant vaccine

Author(s): Health Information and Quality Authority (HIQA)

Date: 2020-05-25

Question: Should recombinant influenza vaccine vs conventional inactivated influenza vaccine be used in the elderly?

Bibliography: Systematic review of the efficacy, effectiveness and safety of newer and enhanced seasonal influenza vaccines for the prevention of laboratory-confirmed influenza in individuals ≥18 years of age

| Quality assessment | | | | | | | No of pa | itients | | Effect | | |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|-------------|------------|
| No of studies | Design | Risk of bias | Inconsistency | Indirectness | Imprecision | Other conside- rations | Recombinant influenza vaccine | Conventional inactivated influenza vaccine | Relative (95 % CI) | Absolute | Quality | Importance |
| Laborato | Laboratory-confirmed influenza-like illness | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | randomised | serious | no serious | no serious | no serious | none | - | - | VE 17 | - | 000 | CRITICAL |
| | trials | | inconsistency | indirectness | imprecision | | | | (0 to 43) ² | - | MODERATE | |
| Influenza | -related hospitaliza | ation | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | randomised trials | serious³ | serious ³ serious ⁴ | no serious indirectness | no serious imprecision | none | 395/1000 (39.5 %) | 420/1000 (42%) | RR 0.94 (0.90 to 0.98) | 25 fewer per 1000 (from 8 fewer to 42 fewer) | 000 000 | CRITICAL |
| | | | | | | | | | | - | LOW | |
| Influenza | Influenza- or pneumonia-related hospitalization | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 ⁵ | randomised trials | serious ³ | COTIONIC ³ | no serious | no serious | none | 217/1000 (21.7%) | 231/1000 (23.1%) | RR 0.94 | 14 fewer per 1000 (from 62 fewer to 49 more) | 0000 | CRITICAL |
| | | inconsistency | indirectness imprec | imprecision | nprecision | | | (0.73 to 1.21) | - | MODERATE | | |

¹ unclear risk of bias in the domain "incomplete outcome data" | 2 VE estimate for age group >=65 years | 3 high risk of bias | 4 inconsistency between study results